- said amorphous metal film layer is formed on any one of surfaces within a range from a lower surface of said underlayer to an upper surface of said non-magnetic layer of said stack of magnetoresistive layers.
- 6. A magnetoresistive sensor according to claim 1, wherein
 - said magnetoresistive sensor has a structure in which a lower surface of said free layer is flush with a lower surface of said magnetic domain control film, and a bias magnetic field of said magnetic domain control film is mainly applied to said free layer.
- 7. A magnetoresistive sensor according to claim 6, wherein
 - said underlayer is formed of Cr or Cr alloy and comprise a body-centered cubic lattice (BCC) polycrystal thin film, and polycrystal orientation to formed plane is isometric random crystal orientation having no particular crystal orientation.
- 8. A magnetoresistive sensor according to claim 1, wherein
 - said magnetic domain control film is formed of a Co alloy film, said underlayer disposed below said magnetic control film controls a crystallization state of said magnetic domain control film, and said amorphous metal film layer controls a crystallization state of said underlayer.
- 9. A magnetoresistive sensor according to claim 1, wherein
 - said magnetic domain control film is formed of a Co alloy film, said underlayer is formed of a Cr or Cr alloy film, and said amorphous metal film layer is formed of an Ni series alloy or Co series alloy film.
- **10.** A magnetoresistive head constituted by using a magnetoresistive sensor according to claim 1.
 - 11. A magnetoresistive sensor comprising:
 - a stack of magnetoresistive layers including an antiferromagnetic layer, a pinned layer, a non-magnetic layer, and a free layer;
 - an underlayer of said stack of magnetoresistive layers;
 - a magnetic domain control film; and
 - a pair of electrode films for supplying current to said stack of magnetoresistive layers;
 - wherein a center position of an upper surface and a lower surface of said free layer is positioned within range of an upper surface and a lower surface at a position near an end of said magnetic domain control film; and

further comprising:

- an underlayer formed below said magnetic domain control film and
- an amorphous metal film layer formed below said underlayer for controlling crystallization state of said underlayer.
- 12. A magnetoresistive sensor according to claim 11, wherein
 - said stack of magnetoresistive layers comprises said underlayer, said anti-ferromagnetic layer, said pinned

- layer, said non-magnetic layer, said free layer and a protection layer formed in this order from the lower layer to the upper layer.
- 13. A magnetoresistive sensor according to claim 11, wherein
 - said stack of magnetoresistive layers comprises said underlayer, said anti-ferromagnetic layer, said pinned layer, said non-magnetic layer, said free layer, said upper non-magnetic layer, said upper pinned layer, said upper anti-ferromagnetic layer and a protection layer formed in this order from the lower layer to the upper layer
- 14. A magnetoresistive sensor according to claim 11, wherein
 - said stack of magnetoresistive layers comprises said underlayer, said free layer, said upper non-magnetic layer, said upper pinned layer, said upper anti-ferromagnetic layer and a protection layer formed in this order from the lower layer to the upper layer.
- 15. A magnetoresistive sensor according to claim 11, wherein
 - said amorphous metal film layer is formed on any one of surfaces within a range from a lower surface of said underlayer to an upper surface of said non-magnetic layer of said stack of magnetoresistive layers.
- 16. A magnetoresistive sensor according to claim 11, wherein
 - said magnetoresistive sensor has a structure in which a lower surface of said free layer is flush with a lower surface of said magnetic domain control film, and a bias magnetic field of said magnetic domain control film is mainly applied to said free layer.
- 17. A magnetoresistive sensor according to claim 16, wherein
 - said underlayer is formed of Cr or Cr alloy and comprise a body-centered cubic lattice (BCC) polycrystal thin film, and polycrystal orientation to formed plane is isometric random crystal orientation having no particular crystal orientation.
- 18. A magnetoresistive sensor according to claim 11, wherein
 - said magnetic domain control film is formed of a Co alloy film, said underlayer disposed below said magnetic control film controls a crystallization state of said magnetic domain control film, and said amorphous metal film layer controls a crystallization state of said underlayer.
- 19. A magnetoresistive sensor according to claim 11, wherein
 - said magnetic domain control film is formed of a Co alloy film, said underlayer is formed of a Cr or Cr alloy film, and said amorphous metal film layer is formed of an Ni series alloy or Co series alloy film.
- **20**. A magnetoresistive head constituted by using a magnetoresistive sensor according to claim 11.
- 21. A method of manufacturing a magnetoresistive sensor comprising: